U.S. Patrol Halts Border 'Invasion'

Operation Wetback Success Noted on First Anniversary

EL CENTRO, June 16 One year ago tomorrow the U.S. government started an all-out counterattack against what it termed "history's greatest peacetime invasion of this country.

Today the main result of Operation Wetback—the big push against illegal Mexican aliens-is far-reaching. It is that the Mexican wetback has been virtually erased from the American scene.

Problem Solved

For the first time in the con-troversial history of the wet-back problem, there is hardly any problem left. The reason for this unusual development traces back to an appuncement made at a

development traces back to an announcement made at a special press conference June an announcement made at a special press conference June 16, 1954, the eve of the drive. Harlon B. Carter, chief of the U.S. Border Patrol, declared: "This is one drive that won't blow over." The next morning a tripled patrol force using jeeps, planes and two-way radios fanned out over the Southern California border and worked northward, arresting wet-

northward, arresting wet-backs. The campaign contin-ued into Texas and as far north as Detroit.

Drive Maintained

Drive Maintained As mass deportations and a scurrying wetback retreat cut illegal aliens in California by 80%, many employers of "wets" waited for their men to return as they had after previous campaigns by the border patrol. But the drive didn't blow over.

over

Along 1600 miles of U.S.-Mexican border a force trip-led to 750 patrolmen kept tight control of the boundary. The crackdown is still continuing.

Today the border patrol dis-closed that the wetbacks in-flux into the United States has dropped nearly 88% as a di-rect result of the campaign.

Crime Decreased

In Calexico, Police Chief Joe Goff cites a 63% crime drop and credits it to Operation Wetback.

Imperial County Welfare Di-

Imperial County Welfare Di-rector Russell Gray reports there are now fewer cases at the County Hospital. Even the farmers, tradition-ally accustomed to wetback labor, are now generally pleased with the change to a stable labor supply under the U.S.-Mexico Farm Labor Agreement, which is function-ing more smoothly than ever before. Walter Francis, manager of the U.S. Labor Department's reception center, says a record

reception center, says a record 90,000 legal contract workers will have crossed the border here by the end of the year.